

CERTIFICATION:

Ms Margaret Honor Lee, as Secretary of the CadiLonians Scottish Country Dance Club Association, with Andalusian Registration Number 15475 and Tax Identification Number G-21741566.

HEREBY CERTIFIES:

That this text of the Bylaws, consisting of 41 articles distributed over 20 pages, was unanimously approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of members held on 5 August 2026, faithfully corresponding to the approved text recorded in the minutes of that meeting.

And, for the record and for the appropriate purposes before the Andalusian Register of Associations, this certification is issued with the approval of the President in El Puerto de Santa María on 5 August 2026.

SECRETARY

APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

Ms Margaret Honor Lee

Mr Douglas Bone

BYLAWS OF THE ASSOCIATION “CadiLonians, Scottish Country Dance Club”

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1. Name and nature.

Under the name ASSOCIATION “CadiLonians, Scottish Country Dance Club”, an association of an associative and non-profit nature is hereby established in El Puerto de Santa María (Cádiz) on 17 March 2025, pursuant to Article 22 of the Spanish Constitution, Organic Law 1/2002 of 22 March regulating the Right of Association and other applicable provisions enacted for its development and implementation, Law 4/2006 of 23 June on Associations of Andalusia, and other related regulatory provisions.

The Association shall be governed by the provisions of these Bylaws.

Article 2. Legal personality and capacity.

The Association hereby established has its own legal personality and full capacity to act and may therefore carry out all acts necessary to fulfil the purpose for which it was created, subject to the provisions of the legal system.

Article 3. Nationality and registered office.

The Association hereby established has Spanish nationality.

The registered office of the Association shall be at Conjunto Residencial Valdespino Block 4, entrance 2, apartment 1B, in the town of Jerez de la Frontera (Cádiz).

A change of registered office shall require a resolution of the General Meeting, specifically convened for that purpose, and an amendment to these Bylaws.

The resolution of the General Meeting must be notified to the Register of Associations within one month and shall only take effect, both for members and third parties, once it has been registered.

Article 4. Scope of activity.

The territorial area in which the Association will primarily carry out its activities is regional.

Article 5. Duration.

The Association is established for an indefinite period.

CHAPTER PURPOSE OF THE ASSOCIATION

Article 6. Purposes.

The purposes of the Association shall be as follows:

a) To promote, disseminate and preserve Scottish culture and tradition through the practice and teaching of its traditional dance and music. Likewise, to contribute to the preservation of Scotland's historical and cultural heritage by encouraging its study, transmission and appreciation through educational activities, artistic events and collaboration with like-minded organisations.

b) To promote learning, training and education in the field of traditional Scottish dance and music, supporting the comprehensive development of its members through cultural and educational activities. Likewise, to promote the

development of the English language as a means of communication and cultural enrichment, facilitating the exchange of knowledge and openness to international contexts that enhance understanding and dissemination of Scottish tradition.

c) To promote networking and cooperation between people and organisations interested in traditional Scottish dance and music, as well as other dance and music initiatives, establishing a common meeting and collaboration point. To strengthen the community through shared interests, knowledge and experiences, promoting cultural and artistic exchange and acting as a meeting point where these cultural expressions are disseminated and preserved, supporting their development and mutual enrichment.

d) To promote the practice of traditional Scottish dance and music as a tool for overall wellbeing, contributing to the improvement of the physical, mental and social health of its members and the community in general through physical activity, artistic expression and social interaction, encouraging healthy habits, emotional development and social integration, strengthening community ties and individual wellbeing.

e) To promote enjoyment and appreciation of traditional Scottish dance and music, creating leisure opportunities that encourage cultural travel and foster enriching social relationships through workshops, events and artistic gatherings, creating an inclusive environment in which a shared passion for this tradition can flourish, strengthening the sense of community and offering experiences that enrich the lives of its members and society in general.

The following activities shall be carried out in pursuit of these purposes:

1. To organise regular traditional Scottish dance courses, adapted to different levels, so that both beginners and advanced dancers can learn and perfect the techniques associated with this tradition.

2. To establish social dancing sessions, Ceilidhs (Scottish social dances), encouraging active participation, teamwork and shared enjoyment in a festive and accessible environment where people can learn and enjoy dancing spontaneously.

3. To invite musicians and certified teachers to deliver traditional Scottish dance workshops for our group.

4. To coordinate applications for scholarships and grants to encourage the training and certification of traditional Scottish dance teachers offered and awarded by the "Royal Scottish Country Dance Society" of Scotland.

5. To create documentation in English and Spanish on technical aspects of traditional Scottish dance, to familiarise participants with the terminology and teaching/learning resources of traditional Scottish dance, facilitating the natural acquisition of the language during artistic learning.

6. To commemorate dates of historical significance to Scotland, such as St Andrew's Day or Burns Night (the Night of Robert Burns), through activities combining traditional Scottish dance and music.

7. To establish relationships with various Public Administrations in order to request and obtain the necessary permits for the use of public spaces and to pursue the Association's purposes.

8. To carry out non-profit economic activities aimed at self-financing, related to Scottish culture, music and traditional dance, with all proceeds being used to fulfil the purposes of the Association.

9. To apply for grants and subsidies from the relevant institutions and establish cooperation agreements with third parties in pursuit of the Association's purposes.

10. To design and maintain a website and social media profiles where educational resources, tutorial videos and any appropriate information on traditional Scottish dance and music are published, both in English and Spanish, facilitating self-learning and access to cultural and linguistic content and serving as a meeting point for people and organisations interested in traditional Scottish dance and music.

11. To collaborate with the media to disseminate the Association's activities and, in turn, traditional Scottish music and dance.

12. To work with national and international associations and groups involved in traditional Scottish music and dance, facilitating the transmission of knowledge and experiences globally, enabling members of the group to learn about and learn from other contexts related to Scottish tradition.

13. To organise traditional Scottish dance and music gatherings to facilitate members' participation in national and international events.

CHAPTER III

GENERAL MEETING

Article 7. General Meeting.

The supreme governing body of the Association is the General Meeting, comprising all members.

It adopts resolutions in accordance with the principle of majority rule or internal democracy and shall meet at least once a year.

General Meetings may be ordinary or extraordinary and shall be convened in the manner set out in these Bylaws.

Article 8. Notice of meetings.

General Meetings shall be convened by the President, on their own initiative, by resolution of the Board of Directors or at the request of a number of members representing not less than 10 per cent.

- Once the Board of Directors has agreed to convene a General Meeting, the President shall convene it within a maximum period of fifteen calendar days from the adoption of the resolution. At least fifteen calendar days must elapse between the notice of the meeting and the date set for its holding.

- A request to convene a meeting made by members shall contain the agenda of the meeting and shall attach any documents or information necessary for the adoption of resolutions, provided that such documentation or information is to be taken into account for that purpose.

The request shall be submitted to the Association's Secretary; once stamped, a copy shall be returned to the applicant.

The Association's Secretary, after verifying the formal requirements (number of members, notice and documentation, where applicable), shall immediately inform the President, who shall, within fifteen calendar days of its submission, convene the General Meeting, which must be held within thirty calendar days from the date of the request. If the request does not meet the formal requirements, the Secretary shall deem it not to have been submitted and shall file it, notifying the member heading the list or signatures.

If the President does not convene the General Meeting within the periods established in the preceding paragraph, the promoters shall be entitled to convene the General Meeting themselves, stating these circumstances in the notice, which shall be signed by the person heading the signatures or list accompanying the request.

Article 9. Form of notice.

The notice convened by persons legally entitled to do so, in accordance with the provisions of the preceding article, must be communicated and displayed on the notice board, if one exists, at least fifteen calendar days before the General Meeting.

The notice must contain the agenda, as well as the place, date and time of the meeting at first and second call.

The necessary documentation and information to be taken into account when adopting resolutions shall be made available to members at the Association's Secretary's office at least fifteen calendar days before the General Meeting.

For reasons of urgency, the above-mentioned periods may be shortened.

Article 10. Ordinary General Meeting.

The Ordinary General Meeting shall be held at least once a year within four months following the close of the financial year, in order to deal with the following agenda items:

1. Reading and approval, where appropriate, of the minutes of the previous meeting (whether ordinary or extraordinary General Meeting).
2. Examination and approval, where appropriate, of the accounts for the previous financial year.
3. Examination and approval, where appropriate, of the Budget for the financial year.
4. Examination of the annual activity report and approval, where appropriate, of the management of the Board of Directors.
5. Approval, where appropriate, of the Programme of Activities.

Article 11. Extraordinary General Meeting.

The adoption of any resolution other than those mentioned in the preceding article shall require the convening of an Extraordinary General Meeting, in particular to deal with the following matters:

1. Amendment of the Bylaws.
2. Dissolution of the Association.
3. Appointment of the Board of Directors.
4. Disposal and transfer of assets.
5. Establishment of a Federation, Confederation or Union of Associations, or integration into an existing one.
6. Approval of a change of registered office, which shall entail an amendment to the Bylaws.

Article 12. Constitution.

The General Meeting, whether ordinary or extraordinary, shall be validly constituted at first call when at least one third of the members are present or represented; at second call, regardless of the number of members attending.

For the purpose of calculating the total number of members or votes, proxies or voting delegations made by members shall be submitted to the Secretary at the beginning of the meeting.

The persons who are to act as President and Secretary of the General Meeting shall be appointed at the beginning of the meeting.

Article 13. Adoption of resolutions.

All matters shall be discussed and voted on as they appear on the agenda. The person acting as President shall open the debate, beginning with a first round of contributions in which members may speak with their authorisation; they shall also moderate the discussions and may open a second round of contributions or give the floor to a member in response to a previous intervention.

Resolutions of the General Meeting shall be adopted by a simple majority of the persons present or represented, when affirmative votes exceed negative votes.

However, a qualified majority shall be required, meaning that affirmative votes must exceed half of those cast by the members present or represented, for resolutions concerning the dissolution of the Association, amendment of the Bylaws, disposal or transfer of assets, and remuneration of members of the Board of Directors.

Resolutions of the General Meeting concerning the name of the Association, registered office, statutory purposes and activities, scope of activity and other amendments to the Bylaws, as well as those concerning the appointment of members of the Board of Directors, the opening and closure of branches, the establishment of federations, confederations and unions, and dissolution, shall be notified to the Register of Associations for registration within one month of the resolution being adopted.

Article 14. Voting delegations or proxies.

A proxy or voting delegation shall only be valid for the meeting or call for which it is issued; any indefinite proxy or delegation shall be null and void.

A proxy or voting delegation shall be made in writing, indicating the personal details and membership number of both the delegating and represented member, and signed and initialled by both.

CHAPTER IV

REPRESENTATIVE BODY

Article 15. Definition and term of office.

The Board of Directors (or similar designation) is the collegiate body that manages, administers and represents the interests of the Association, without prejudice to the powers of the General Meeting as the sovereign body.

Its term of office shall be 2 years; upon expiry of this period, it shall be renewed and the corresponding registration shall be made. The General

Meeting for the appointment or renewal of the Board of Directors shall be convened before the end of the established term of office.

Members of the Board of Directors whose elected term has expired shall continue to hold their offices in an acting capacity until the persons replacing them formally accept their appointments.

Article 16. Composition and offices.

The Board of Directors shall consist of a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 12 members. The offices of President, Vice-President, Treasurer and Secretary shall always exist. The remaining members, where applicable, shall serve as Ordinary Board Members.

All members shall be appointed and removed by the General Meeting.

The office shall be exercised personally, and voting rights may not be delegated at meetings of the Board of Directors.

Article 17. Election.

The essential requirements for membership of the Board of Directors shall be to be of legal age, to be in full enjoyment of civil rights and not to be subject to any grounds of incompatibility established by current legislation.

Members of the Board of Directors shall be elected from among the members at an Extraordinary General Meeting, in accordance with the provisions of Article 11 of these Bylaws.

Once a General Meeting has been convened for the appointment of the Board of Directors, members wishing to exercise their right to stand for election must submit their candidacy at least twenty-four hours before the General Meeting is held.

If a vacancy arises, the Board of Directors may appoint another person who is already a member of the Board to fill it provisionally until the definitive election is held by the General Meeting convened for that purpose.

Article 18. Termination of office.

1. Members of the Board of Directors shall cease to hold their respective offices for the following reasons:

- a) Death or declaration of death.
- b) Incapacity, disqualification or incompatibility, in accordance with the legal system.
- c) Judicial decision.

- d) Expiry of the term of office. However, until the General Meeting elects a new Board of Directors, the existing Board shall continue to act, and this status must be stated in any documents they sign in their respective capacities.
- e) Voluntary resignation, notified in writing to the Board of Directors.
- f) Resolution adopted by the General Meeting in accordance with the statutory formalities.
- g) Loss of membership status.

2. Cessations and appointments shall be notified to the Register of Associations for the appropriate record and publicity.

Article 19. The Presidency.

The person holding the office of President shall:

- a) Legally represent the Association before all persons, authorities and public or private entities.
- b) Convene meetings of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting, chair them, lead their discussions, and suspend and close the meetings.
- c) Execute the resolutions of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting and, for this purpose, carry out all kinds of acts and contracts and sign the documents necessary for that purpose, without prejudice to the fact that each body, in exercising its powers, may expressly authorise any other member of the Board of Directors to execute its resolutions.
- d) Comply with and ensure compliance with the resolutions of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting.
- e) Order payments and authorise expenditure.
- f) Exercise a casting vote in the event of a tie in voting.
- g) Approve the minutes and certificates of resolutions of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting.
- h) Adopt any urgent measure that the proper running of the Association may require or that may be necessary or appropriate in the performance of their duties, without prejudice to subsequently reporting to the Board of Directors.
- i) Exercise any other functions inherent in the position of President of the Board of Directors and of the Association.

Article 20. The Vice-Presidency.

The person holding the office of Vice-President shall perform the functions of the President when the office is vacant due to absence or illness, and may also act on behalf of the Association in those cases where so agreed by the Board of Directors or the General Meeting.

Article 21. The Secretary.

The person holding the office of Secretary shall have the following functions:

- a) Attend meetings of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting and draw up and authenticate their minutes.
- b) Convene meetings of the Board of Directors and the General Meeting.
- c) Immediately inform the President of requests by members to convene a meeting in the manner provided for in Article 8 of these Bylaws.
- d) Receive and process communications from members of the Board of Directors and members of the Association, as well as notifications, requests for data, rectifications, certificates and any other written communications of which the Secretary must be aware.
- e) Process resolutions of the Association requiring registration with the relevant Registers.
- f) Prepare matters for consideration, as well as the documentation to be used or taken into account.
- g) Issue certificates of approved resolutions and any other certificates, with the approval of the President, as well as any necessary reports.
- h) Have responsibility for and custody of the Association's files, documents and books, except for the accounting books.
- i) Any other functions inherent in the office of Secretary.

In cases of absence or illness and, generally, whenever there is a justified reason, the Secretary shall be replaced by the youngest Ordinary Board Member.

Article 22. The Treasury.

The person holding the office of Treasurer shall:

- a) Collect the Association's funds, safeguard them and invest them in the manner determined by the Board of Directors.
- b) Make payments, with the approval of the President.
- c) Sign all documents relating to receipts and payments, with the President's approval.
- d) Maintain the accounting books and ensure that the Association's tax obligations are fulfilled correctly and within the applicable deadlines.
- e) Prepare the draft Budget for approval by the Board of Directors and subsequent submission to the General Meeting. The same procedure shall be followed for the General Statement of Accounts for annual approval by the General Meeting.
- f) Any other functions inherent in the office of Treasurer, as the person responsible for financial and economic management.

Article 23. Ordinary Board Members.

Ordinary Board Members shall have the duties inherent in their office as members of the Board of Directors, as well as those assigned to them by the Board itself through the creation of delegations or working committees.

Article 24. Powers of attorney.

The Board of Directors may appoint general or special attorneys-in-fact.

Article 25. Notices and meetings.

1. For the Board of Directors to be validly constituted for the purposes of holding meetings, deliberating and adopting resolutions, half of its members must be present, and the presence of the President and Secretary, or those replacing them, shall in all cases be required.

2. The Board of Directors shall meet at least once every quarter and as often as necessary for the proper running of the Association, following a notice convened by the President, on their own initiative or at the initiative of any of its members.

3. Notice of its meetings shall be given with the formal requirements (agenda, place and date, etc.) and shall be sent at least 48 hours before the meeting.

4. Deliberations shall follow the same procedure established in Article 13 for the General Meeting. Resolutions shall be adopted by a simple majority of votes cast, with the President having a casting vote in the event of a tie.

5. No resolution may be adopted on any matter not included on the agenda, unless all the members of the Board of Directors are present and unanimously agree to do so.

6. The Board of Directors shall likewise be validly constituted without prior notice when all its members are present and unanimously agree to constitute it, with regard to resolutions being subject to the provisions of the preceding paragraph. Meetings constituted in this way shall be known as Universal Meetings of the Board of Directors.

7. Persons previously invited or summoned by the President whose functions are exclusively advisory may attend meetings of the Board of Directors, with the right to speak but not to vote.

Article 26. Powers and responsibilities.

The Board of Directors shall have the following powers:

- a) Draw up the Activities Plan.
- b) Grant general or special powers of attorney.
- c) Organise and carry out the activities approved by the General Meeting.
- d) Approve the draft Budget for final approval by the General Meeting.
- e) Approve the Statement of Accounts prepared by the Treasurer for final approval, where applicable, by the General Meeting.
- f) Prepare the annual activity report for submission to the General Meeting.
- g) Create such Working Committees as it considers appropriate for the performance of the functions entrusted to them and the activities approved, as well as for any other matters arising from the fulfilment of the Association's purposes. Such committees shall regulate their internal operation in the manner agreed by them at their inaugural meeting.
- h) Decide on applications relating to the admission of members.

Article 27. Duties and responsibilities of members of the Board of Directors.

The duties of the members of the Board of Directors include, by way of example, fulfilling and ensuring the fulfilment of the Association's purposes, attending meetings to which they are summoned, performing their duties with the due diligence expected of a loyal representative, and complying in their actions with current legal provisions and these Bylaws.

Members of the Board of Directors shall be liable to the Association for any loss or damage they cause through acts contrary to the law or these Bylaws, or through negligent acts. Those who expressly oppose the resolution giving rise to such acts, or who did not participate in its adoption, shall be exempt from liability.

Article 28. Unpaid nature of office.

Members of the Board of Directors shall hold office without remuneration and shall under no circumstances receive payment for performing their duties, without prejudice to their right to reimbursement of expenses incurred in the performance of their offices, provided that such expenses are properly and formally justified.

CHAPTER V

COMMON PROVISIONS FOR THE GOVERNING BODIES

Article 29. Minutes.

1. Minutes shall be drawn up by the Secretary for each meeting held by the General Meeting and the Board of Directors and shall necessarily specify the quorum achieved for valid constitution, the agenda of the meeting, the circumstances of the place and time at which it was held, the main points discussed and the content of the resolutions adopted; the minutes of the representative body shall necessarily include those attending.

2. At the request of members, the minutes shall record, where applicable, any vote against the resolution adopted, any abstention and the reasons justifying it or the sense of their favourable vote. Likewise, any member shall have the right to request a full transcription of their intervention or proposal, provided that they submit, at the time or within forty-eight hours, the text corresponding faithfully to their intervention, which shall then be recorded in the minutes or attached as a copy.

3. The minutes shall be approved at the same or the following meeting; notwithstanding the foregoing, the Secretary may issue certificates concerning specific resolutions that have been adopted, expressly stating that the minutes are pending subsequent approval.

4. The minutes shall be signed by the Secretary and approved by the President; all minutes of meetings of the governing and representative bodies shall be entered in the corresponding minute book.

Article 30. Challenging resolutions.

Resolutions of the General Meeting and the Board of Directors may be challenged before the civil courts in the legally established manner.

Members may challenge resolutions and actions of the Association that they consider contrary to the Bylaws within forty days from the date of their adoption, seeking their rectification or annulment and, where appropriate, interim suspension, or combining both claims through the procedures established in the Civil Procedure Act.

Pending resolution of internal disputes that may arise within the Association, applications for registration concerning disputed matters shall only give rise to provisional entries.

CHAPTER VI

MEMBERS

Article 31. Categories.

1. The following categories of members shall exist within the Association:

- a) Founding members, being those who participate in the act of incorporation of the Association.
- b) Full members, being those who join after the Association has been established.
- c) Honorary members, being those who, by virtue of their standing or because they have made a significant contribution to the standing and development of the Association, are deemed worthy of such distinction. The appointment of honorary members shall be the responsibility of the General Meeting.

2. The Association shall maintain an up-to-date register of its members.

Article 32. Acquisition of membership status:

1. Natural persons who are of legal age, or emancipated minors with full legal capacity, who are interested in furthering the Association's purposes and are not subject to any legal restriction on exercising the right of association, may acquire membership status.

2. Membership status shall be acquired by submitting a written application to the Association's Secretary, in accordance with the procedure and form, if any, established by the Board of Directors.

The following may apply for admission as full members:

- a) Persons who, when this amendment to the Bylaws enters into force, regularly take part in activities organised by the Association and express their wish to join it.
- b) Persons who join the Association's training activities for the first time and who, after completing the relevant introductory or beginners' course, wish to continue taking part in activities or courses subsequently organised by the Association.

For these purposes, completion of the introductory or beginners' course shall not automatically confer membership status; the person concerned must submit the corresponding application for admission.

c) Persons who have previously made a significant contribution to the creation, development, organisation, operation or consolidation of the Association, or who have made a relevant contribution to the fulfilment of its purposes, and who, owing to personal, family, work, residence, health or other

justified circumstances, are unable to participate regularly in the Association's activities.

3. Applications for admission shall be examined and decided by the Board of Directors, which shall verify compliance with the requirements established in these Bylaws.

Admission shall be granted by a reasoned decision. If admission is refused, the decision shall communicate to the person concerned the reasons justifying the refusal.

4. Membership status shall be acquired on the date on which the Board of Directors adopts the admission decision and, where applicable, once the membership fee established by the General Meeting of Members has been paid.

5. The Association shall maintain an up-to-date register of its members in accordance with the applicable legislation.

6. The ordinary membership fee shall be annual and shall be paid during the common payment period established by the Association, from 1 October to 31 October each year.

Membership status shall remain valid from the date of admission until the immediately following 30 November, regardless of the date on which admission or payment of the fee took place.

Persons who apply for and obtain admission after the common payment period may pay the annual fee when they join. Nevertheless, the period of validity of their membership shall likewise end on the immediately following 31 October, and late admission shall not entitle them to any reduction, pro-rata adjustment or partial refund of the fee.

To retain membership status for the following annual period, the corresponding fee must be paid during the common payment period established in the first paragraph.

Article 33. Loss of membership status.

Membership status shall be lost on any of the following grounds:

a) Voluntary resignation.

A member may resign freely by submitting a written notice addressed to the Board of Directors to the Association's Secretary. The resignation shall take effect on the date it is submitted, without prejudice to the fulfilment of any outstanding financial obligations.

b) Non-payment of the annual membership fee.

Membership status shall be lost if the corresponding annual fee is not paid during the common payment period established in Article 32.

Loss of membership status shall occur once that period has ended without payment having been made, following notification to the person concerned using the contact details held in the Association's records.

Loss of membership status on this ground shall not be disciplinary in nature.

A person who has lost membership status owing to non-payment may apply for admission again in accordance with the procedure and requirements established in these Bylaws.

c) Serious breach of these Bylaws, the Internal Regulations, where they exist, or resolutions validly adopted by the Association's governing and representative bodies.

Loss of membership status on this ground shall be disciplinary in nature and shall require the corresponding procedure to be followed, respecting the affected person's rights to information, to be heard and to make representations.

The removal decision shall be reasoned and adopted by the Board of Directors by a two-thirds majority of the legally cast votes.

The member shall have the right to know the facts giving rise to the proceedings and to make any representations they consider appropriate before the decision is adopted.

In all cases, final removal shall require ratification by the General Meeting.

d) Serious conduct contrary to the Association's purposes, interests or proper functioning, or causing significant harm to its reputation, activities or relations among members.

Application of this ground shall require the disciplinary procedure provided for in the preceding section and shall be subject to the same safeguards and requirements.

Article 34. Rights.

1. The rights of full and founding members are:

- a) To participate in General Meetings with the right to speak and vote.
- b) To elect and be elected to management positions.
- c) To be informed about the composition of the Association's governing and representative bodies, its financial position and the development of its activities.
- d) To be heard before disciplinary measures are adopted against them and to be informed of the facts giving rise to such measures; any

decision imposing a sanction must state the reasons for it.

- e) To access the Association's documentation through the Board of Directors.
- f) To participate in the Association's activities and use the Association's common-use property and facilities, while respecting the equal right of the other members.

2. Honorary members shall have the same rights as founding and full members except for those provided for in sections a) and b). Notwithstanding the foregoing, they may attend General Meetings with the right to speak but not to vote.

Article 35. Obligations.

The duties of founding and full members are:

- a) To share the Association's purposes and cooperate in achieving them.
- b) To pay the annual membership fee and any levies or other financial contributions that may be due under these Bylaws and resolutions validly adopted by the Association's competent bodies.
- c) To comply with the remaining obligations arising from the statutory provisions.
- d) To abide by and comply with resolutions validly adopted by the Board of Directors and the General Meeting.
- e) To behave respectfully towards other members and participants in the Association's activities, and to contribute to the proper running of its activities and the fulfilment of its purposes.

CHAPTER VII

FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

Article 36. Founding assets.

The Association has no founding assets at the time of its incorporation.

Article 37. Ownership of assets and rights.

The Association shall be the holder of all assets and rights forming part of its estate, which shall be recorded in its inventory and, where applicable, registered in the relevant Public Registers.

Article 38. Financial resources.

1. For the development of its activities, the Association shall be financed by:

- a) Resources arising from the return on its assets, where applicable.
- b) Ordinary or extraordinary membership fees.
- c) Donations or grants that may be awarded by natural or legal persons, public or private.
- d) Donations, inheritances or legacies accepted by the Board of Directors.
- e) Income derived from its activities.
- f) Any other lawful resource.

2. Any profits obtained by the Association from the pursuit of economic activities, including the provision of services, shall be used exclusively to fulfil its purposes and may under no circumstances be distributed among members or among their spouses or persons living with them in a similar relationship of affection, nor among their relatives, nor transferred free of charge to natural or legal persons with a profit-making interest.

Article 39. Financial year, budget and accounting.

1. The Association's financial year shall be annual and shall run from 1 September to 31 August of the following year.

2. Each year, the Board of Directors shall prepare the Budget, which shall be approved by the General Meeting. Approval of the Budget shall entail approval of the ordinary membership fees for the relevant financial year.

Extraordinary fees shall require the convening of an Extraordinary General Meeting, unless the Association lacks liquidity and the relevant expenditure is urgent, in which case a resolution by the Board of Directors shall suffice, following a report by the Treasurer and subsequent ratification by the General Meeting, which must take place within thirty days of the adoption of the resolution by the Board of Directors.

3. The General Meeting shall approve the Association's accounts annually, once the relevant financial year has ended.

4. The Board of Directors shall keep accounts that provide a true and fair view of the entity's assets, results and financial position.

CHAPTER VIII

DISSOLUTION AND APPLICATION OF ASSETS

Article 40. Dissolution.

The Association shall be dissolved on any of the following grounds:

- a) By resolution adopted by a qualified majority at an Extraordinary General Meeting.
- b) On the grounds established in Article 39 of the Civil Code.

- c) By final court judgment.
- d) On the grounds established in these Bylaws.

Article 41. Liquidation.

1. Once the dissolution of the Association has been agreed, the liquidation period shall begin, until the end of which the entity shall retain its legal personality.

2. The members of the Board of Directors at the time of dissolution shall become liquidators, unless the General Meeting or the judge who, where applicable, orders the dissolution expressly appoints others.

The liquidators shall be responsible for:

- a) Safeguarding the integrity of the Association's assets.
- b) Completing pending transactions and carrying out any new transactions necessary for the liquidation.
- c) Collecting debts owed to the Association.
- d) Liquidating the assets and paying creditors.
- e) Applying any surplus assets to the purposes provided for in the Bylaws.
- f) Requesting cancellation of the entries in the Register.

3. The net balance resulting from the liquidation shall be transferred directly to a public or private non-profit entity with purposes similar to those of the Association that has distinguished itself through the pursuit of its activities.

4. In the event of the Association's insolvency, the Board of Directors or, where applicable, the liquidators, shall immediately initiate the appropriate insolvency proceedings before the competent court.

ADDITIONAL PROVISION

Where these Bylaws make no provision, Organic Law 1/2002 of 22 March regulating the Right of Association, Law 4/2006 of 23 June on Associations of Andalusia, and other supplementary provisions shall apply.